65. A computer system as recited in Claim 64 wherein said language processor comprises

means for emitting an error message in response to an instance of nonconformity with a rule of the language.

66. A computer system as recited in Claim 64 wherein said analyzing means comprises

means for determining conformity with the spelling rules of the language.

67. A computer system as recited in Claim 64 wherein said analyzing means comprises

 $\label{eq:means for determining conformity with the grammatical} \\ \\ \text{rules of the language.}$

REMARKS

Since the Examiner's Answer presented new references and new grounds of rejection, the addition of the above new claims is believed to be appropriate in order to further distinguish applicant's invention over the references.

Claims 57-67 are dependent upon the appealed claims and add limitations to the effect that the code processor program is a language processor comprising means for analyzing the character codes in the buffer for conformity with the rules of the

language. This is quite different from the screen formatters of Lawrence et al. and Maddock. Paragraph 14 of the third Wadsworth affidavit alleges:

"The disclosed Lawrence system...performs neither lexical analysis nor syntactic analysis nor semantic analysis of the text symbols...It knows and cares nothing about the syntax or meaning of the text symbols, but merely loads them in the display buffer for display upon the screen. The text symbols may constitute utter garbage but this will have no affect upon the operation of the Lawrence interpreter/formatter."

Allowance of new Claims 57-67 is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

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Martin G. Reiffin, Applicant 5439 Blackhawk Drive Danville, CA 94526 (415) 838-6980